Date:

## Unit #8 Review

In a bowl of marbles, there are 10 red ones, 6 green ones, and 8 blue ones.

- 1. If a marble is chosen at random from the bowl, find P(red one or a blue one)?
- 2. If two marbles are chosen at random with replacement, find P(red and a blue)?
- 3. If two marbles are chosen at random without replacement, find P(they are both red)?



4. Mike has a drawer with 8 pairs of black socks and 12 pairs of white socks. Without looking he takes a white pair of socks out of the drawer. He does not replace it and goes to pick another pair. What is the probability that the next pair he takes out is black? 1st pick - 20 to choose from

In a survey of 450 people, 200 of whom are female, it was found that 225 prefer chocolate ice cream including 99 males. Use the table to answer the questions below.

	Males	Females	
Vanilla	151	74	225
Chocolate	99	126	225
	250	200	450

## Find the probability that:

- 151
- The person likes chocolate.

- 250
- 6. The person likes vanilla, given they are male. 250
- 50
- 7. The person likes vanilla or is a female.  $\frac{225}{450} + \frac{200}{450} \frac{74}{450} = \frac{351}{450} = \frac{39}{50}$
- NO
- 8. Are being a male and liking chocolate independent events?

  P(m () () P(m) . P(c) 99 ? 250 . 225
  - $P(m \cap C) = P(m) \cdot P(C)$

or 50%

The probability of a randomly chosen gym student is playing basketball is 0.30. The chance that a gym student plays both basketball and football is 0.05. The chance that a gym student plays football is 0.25. What is the probability that a randomly chosen gym student plays basketball or football?

$$P(B \cup F) = P(B) + P(F) - P(B \cap F) = 0.30 + 0.25 - 0.05 = 0.5$$

25% or 4

- 10. Assume that the following events are dependent:
  - The probability that a high school student eats breakfast is 0.8.
  - The probability that a high school senior will eat breakfast and get over 6 hours of sleep is 0.2.

What is the probability that a high school senior will get over 6 hours of sleep, given

that the person ate breakfast?

 $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$ 



11. A bag contains 5 gray tiles and 2 blue tiles. You reach in the bag and pick a blue tile. Without replacing it, what is the probability that your second pick will be gray?

1st pick + 7 tiles 2nd pick + 6 tiles

5 second pick 6 will be gray

12.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of you friends babysit for extra money.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of your friends babysit and pet sit. What fraction of your friends pet sit given that they babysit?

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \land B)}{P(B)}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{8}{9}$$

24.75% 13. Kate has a 45% chance of making an A on her next Algebra test and a 55% chance of making an A on her economics test. What is the probability that she will make an A on both her Algebra test and economics test?

$$0.45 \cdot 0.55 = 0.2475$$
  
=  $24.75\%$ 

Fill out the Venn diagram to the right, and answer the questions below:

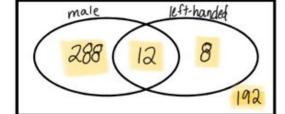
Of 500 students surveyed, 300 were male. 20 were left-handed. 12 were male and left-handed.



48 125

14. P(male or left-handed)  

$$\frac{300}{500} + \frac{20}{500} - \frac{12}{500} = \frac{308}{500}$$



15. P(left-handed | male)

16. P(right-handed and female)